Fire Risk Assessment

1 -3 Warren Drive



Rowley Regis, B65 8PS

Date Completed: 5th December 2025

Officer: M Zafeer Fire Risk Assessor

Checked By: C. Hill Building Safety Manager

Current Risk Rating = Tolerable



Subsequent reviews

Review date	Officer	<u>Comments</u>

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Introduction

The Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 (RR(FS)O) places a legal duty on landlords to complete a fire risk assessment (FRA). Specifically, RR(FS)O article 9. — (1) "The responsible person must make a suitable and sufficient assessment of the risks to which relevant persons are exposed for the purpose of identifying the general fire precautions he needs to take to comply with the requirements and prohibitions imposed on him by or under this Order".

This Type 1 fire risk assessment has been written to comply fully with the above legislation which is enforced locally by West Midlands Fire Service. If required, complaints can be made to them by telephone on 0121 380 7500 or electronically on https://www.sanet/our-services/fire-safety/#reportfiresafety. In the first instance however, we would be grateful if you could contact us directly via https://www.sandwell.gov.uk/info/200195/contact_the_council/283/feedback_and_complaints or by phone on 0121 569 6000.

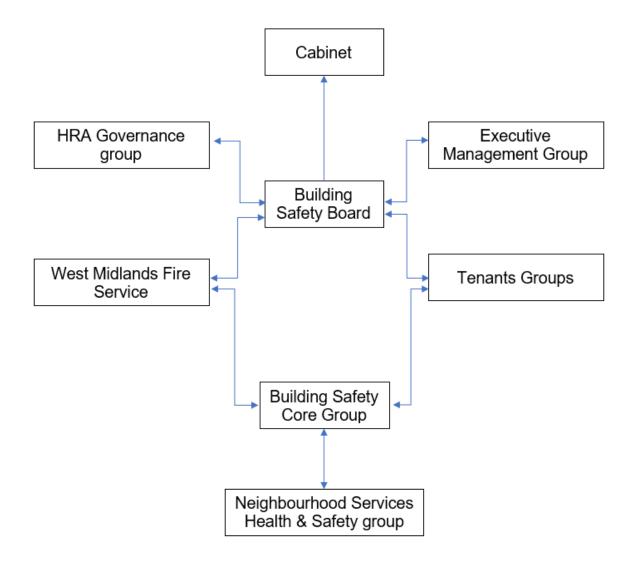
The date of the fire risk assessment is on the front page, followed by any subsequent reviews. A recurring time frame is not set in legislation. The council has procedures and policies in place that will trigger a review of the fire risk assessment. This then is recorded on the fire risk assessment is not currently suitable and sufficient, then a new fire risk assessment will be undertaken and become the current fire risk assessment. The previous fire risk assessment will be retained in the building safety case for that building.

The following diagrams illustrate those procedures and persons that support the effective planning, organisation, control, monitoring and review of the preventive and protective measures. This information is provided as required under the RR(FS)O.



The above processes and procedures are overseen by the Fire Safety, Facilities and Premises Manager who reports to the Business Manager - Surveying and Fire Safety.

These managers attend the Fire Safety Core Group for scrutiny which is part of the governance structure below.



To summarise the fire risk assessment, in this scenario the RR(FS)O requires the prescribed information to be recorded. The prescribed information is the significant findings of the fire risk assessment and those groups or persons especially at risk from fire. This is recorded here in section 1. Also required to be recorded under article 11, are the fire safety arrangements for the planning, organisation, control, monitoring and review of the preventative and protective measures. The information shown above is part of this requirement.

Significant findings

The significant findings (executive summary) of the fire risk assessment include those measures that have been or will be undertaken by the responsible person to comply with the RR(FS)O 2005.

Groups of people especially at risk of fire include such people as remote or lone workers, at risk due to layout of the building, visitors and contractors unfamiliar with the building layout as well as those with physical, sensory or mental health issues.

A third requirement that under the order must be recorded is the fire safety arrangements. This is the effective planning, organisation, control, monitoring and review of the preventive and protective measures. These are shown in the introduction.

Significant findings

Include a brief summary of protective and preventative measures where relevant along with any issues found;

The escape strategy is 'Stay Put Unless'. This means in the event of a fire in your flat you should evacuate. If there is a fire elsewhere in the building, you should stay put unless you are affected by fire or smoke.

Section number	Section Area	Individual Risk Level
Section 6	External Envelope	Trivial
	Traditional brick-built 2 story block with each floor accommodating a single flat.	
	UPVC front entrance door and window units installed with UPVC facia and under boards to the roof line	
	Front entrance is gained through a timber gate which is located on side to the block, this leads to a UPVC entrance to the block.	

Section 10	Compartmentation	Trivial
	There is no emergency lighting installed at the block	
Section 9	Access was not possible to numbers 1 & 3 however, SMBC's Job Manager system confirms detectors to LD1 standard were checked as part of the most recent annual gas service. Flat 3 is a leaseholder property Emergency Lighting	Trivial
Section 8	Fire Detection and Alarm Systems Individual flats are fitted with hardwired smoke detection to an LD3 standard minimum.	Trivial
	Electrical service cupboard in entrance hallway requires budget type lock installing. This has been noted in observations to be upgraded in any future refurbishment to the block.	
	Corridors, stairs and landings are clear of any obstruction. Thumb turn lock installed on the final exit door.	
Section 7	Means of Escape from Fire Block has a single staircase and one final exit door.	Trivial
	Roof is of a pitched construction with UPVC facias installed under the roof line, concrete roof tiles are used for the roof.	

Continue 44	The block has sufficient compartmentation between dwellings. Cyclical programme in place to ensure fire stopping has not been compromised. No Access was possible to check the roof void for sufficient fire stopping and compartmentation. • Electrical service cupboard in entrance hallway requires combined intumescent strips. Recommended to be upgraded to 44mm FD30s on future renovations of the block.	
Section 11	Fire Fighting Equipment	Trivial
	The premises have no provision for firefighting equipment.	
Section 12	Fire Signage	Tolerable
	No fire signage present on the block due to simple layout.	
	External No Smoking sign has been removed.	
Section 13	Employee Training	Trivial
	All staff receive basic fire safety awareness training.	
Section 14	Sources of Ignition	Trivial
	Supply intake at 54 -56 Royal Oak Road, satisfactory EICR conducted on 05/03/2021	

	Resident electrical meter is located near the front entrance within a service cupboard.	
Section 15	Waste Control No caretaking services schedule at the	Trivial
	Refuse bins stored in a dedicated area located outside to the rear of the block.	
Section 16	Control and Supervision of Contractors and Visitors	Trivial
	Contractors are controlled centrally, and hot works permits are required where necessary.	
Section 17	Arson Prevention	Trivial
	There is security lighting installed to the front and rear of the block.	
	No evidence of arson. No previous reports of arson at the block.	
Section 18	Storage Arrangements	Trivial
	There are no external or internal storage cupboards provided for residents.	

Risk Level Indicator

The following simple risk level estimator is based on commonly used risk level estimator:

Likelihood of fire	Potential consequences of fire		
Likeliilood of fire	Slight harm	Moderate harm	Extreme harm
Low	Trivial risk	Tolerable risk	Moderate risk
Medium	Tolerable risk	Moderate risk	Substantial risk
High	Moderate risk	Substantial risk	Intolerable risk

Considering the fire prevention measures observed at the time of this risk assessment, it is considered that the hazard from fire (likelihood of fire) at these premises is:

Low □ Medium ⊠	High □				
In this context, a definition of	In this context, a definition of the above terms is as follows:				
Low	Unusually low likelihood of fire because of negligible potential sources of ignition.				
Medium	Normal fire hazards (e.g. potential ignition sources) for this type of occupancy, with fire hazards generally subject to appropriate controls (other than minor shortcomings).				
High	Lack of adequate controls applied to one or more significant fire hazards, such as to result in significant increase in likelihood of fire.				

fire protection and procedur	e premises and the occupants, as well as the all arrangements observed at the time of this nsidered that the consequences for life safety:
Slight Harm ⊠ Moderat	e Harm □ Extreme Harm □
In this context, a definition c	of the above terms is as follows:
Slight harm	Outbreak of fire unlikely to result in serious injury or death of any occupant (other than an occupant sleeping in a room in which a fire occurs).
Moderate harm	Outbreak of fire could foreseeably result in injury including serious injury) of one or more occupants, but it is unlikely to involve multiple fatalities.
Extreme harm	Significant potential for serious injury or death of one or more occupants.
Accordingly, it is considered is:	I that the risk to life from fire at these premises
Trivial □ Tolerable ⊠ M	oderate □ Substantial □ Intolerable □

Comments

After carrying out a Type 1 fire risk assessment on 1-3 Warren Drive Rowley Regis B65 8NS

In my conclusion, the likelihood of a fire is of a medium level of risk prior to the implementation of the action plan because of the normal fire hazards that have been highlighted within the risk assessment.

After assessing the building's use and its occupants, the potential life safety risk in the event of a fire is slight. This assessment is based on the presence of FD30s composite and timber fire doors installed to the flats, the installation of smoke detection systems meeting at least LD3 standards within each flat, and effective housekeeping practices in communal areas that minimize combustible materials and aid safe evacuation. Additionally, the evacuation route is adequately illuminated, and final exit door is installed with a thumb turn lock. The fire strategy for the block is a 'Stay Put Unless'.

At present it is tolerable to have a notional FD30s timber door to flat 3 but would be recommended that on any future refurbishment of the block that this door be replaced with certified FD30s fire door.

Overall, the level of risk at the time of this FRA is tolerable.

On completion of the recorded actions the overall risk rating for the building will be reduced to trivial, subject to the recommended actions in this fire risk assessment.

A suitable risk-based control plan (where applicable) should involve effort and urgency that is proportional to risk. The following risk- based control plan is based on one that has been advocated for general health and safety risk.

Risk level	Action and timescale
Trivial	No action is required, and no detailed records need to be kept.
Tolerable	No major additional fire precautions are required. However, there might be a need for reasonably practicable improvements that involve minor or limited cost.
Moderate	It is essential that efforts are made to reduce the risk. Risk reduction measures, which should take cost into account, should be implemented within a defined time. Where moderate risk is associated with consequences that constitute extreme harm, further assessment might be required to establish more precisely the likelihood of harm as a basis for determining the priority for improved control measures.
Substantial	Considerable resources might have to be allocated to reduce the risk. If the premises are unoccupied, it should not be occupied until the risk has been reduced. If the premises are occupied, urgent action should be taken.
Intolerable	Premises (or relevant area) should not be occupied until the risk is reduced.

(Note that, although the purpose of this section is to place the fire risk in context, the above approach to fire risk assessment is subjective and for guidance only. All hazards and deficiencies identified in this report should be addressed by implementing all recommendations contained in the following action plan. The fire risk assessment should be reviewed regularly.)

2

People at Significant Risk of Fire

Persons at significant risk of fire does not just refer to those people with physical, sensory or mental health issues. It also includes those at risk due to the layout or features of the building such as inner rooms or deadend conditions. Persons may also be at risk due to remote or lone working.

The RR(FS)O requires that these people are identified in any fire risk assessment.

Sandwell Council has a policy and procedure in place for Personal Emergency Evacuation Plans (PEEPs). This is based on tenants identifying themselves as requiring a PEEP.

Residents are responsible for letting us know whether they might need a Personal Emergency Evacuation Plan (PEEP). The Resident Engagement Officers (Fire Safety) will conduct an assessment visit upon request. Any risk-reduction measures that are found where a PEEP is necessary and completed will be documented and taken quickly. With the consent of the resident, we will make a referral for West Midlands Fire Service to conduct a Safe and Well visit.

When a PEEP is in place, the relevant information will be kept in the secure Premise Information Box (High Rise Buildings only), which is set up to help WMFS in an emergency. The data is classified as level 1, which means it complies with the General Data Protection Regulations.

3

Contact Details

The Chief Executive of Sandwell Metropolitan Borough Council has ultimate responsibility for the site as the responsible person identified by the RR(FS)O 2005.

The Chief Executive has put a structure in place to support the management of the site.

This includes the role of Building Safety Manager who has duties as defined within the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005.

The contact names to support the management of the site are as follows:

Chief Executive			
	Shokat Lal		
Executive D	irector Asset Manager	& Improvement	
	Alan Lunt		
Assistant Di	rector Asset Manager	& Improvement	
	Sarah Agar		
	Fire Safety Manage	er	
	Tony Thompson		
	Team Lead Fire Safe	ety	
	Jason Blewitt	_	
7	Team Lead Building Safety		
	Anthony Smith		
	Housing Office Manager		
	Prabha Patel		
Building Safety	Fire Risk	Resident Engagement	
Managers	Assessors	Officers – Fire Safety	
Adrian Jones	Mohammed Zafeer	Abdulmonim Khan	
Carl Hill	Stuart Henely	Ethan Somaiya	
Louis Conway	Craig Hudson	Hannah Russon	
Andrew Froggatt			

Please note, the above details are correct at the time of the production of the risk assessment and may be subject to change

Description of Premises

1 -3 Warren Drive Rowley Regis B65 8NS

Description of the Property

This Type 1 fire risk assessment pertains to the residential block located at 1 - 3 Warren Drive. The property is a low-rise building constructed in 1968, utilising traditional brick cavity wall construction. The structure comprises two storeys, including the ground floor, with one self-contained dwelling on each level. The single centrally positioned staircase serves as access and egress to the 1st floor flat.

The site has adequate off-street parking situated at the front of the building. Resident and visitor vehicles are positioned at a safe and appropriate distance from the building envelope, reducing potential fire spread or obstruction to access routes.

It is also noted that the block at Warren Drive is physically attached to an adjacent residential building, which is accessed separately via Royal Oak Road. Although conjoined, the neighbouring block is served by its own independent entrance and access arrangements and does not share internal common areas with 1 & 3 Warren Drive.



The main entrance to the building is through a timber gate on the side elevation which leads to the entrance to the block.



Nearest Fire station is Haden Cross Fire Station, which is 2.6 miles.

The communal, any workplace areas and the external envelope of the building are subject to the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 as confirmed by the Fire Safety Act 2021.

The enforcing authority is West Midlands Fire Service.

High/Low Rise	Low-Rise
Number of Floors	2 story
Date of Construction	1968
Construction Type	Traditional Brick Construction with
	pitched tiled roof.
Last Refurbished	Unknown
External Cladding	No
Number of Lifts	Non
Number of Staircases	1
Automatic Smoke Ventilation to	None
communal area	
Fire Alarm System	No,
Refuse Chute	No
Access to Roof void	No
Equipment on roof (e.g. mobile	None
phone station etc)	

Persons at Risk

Residents / Occupants of 2 flats

Visitors,

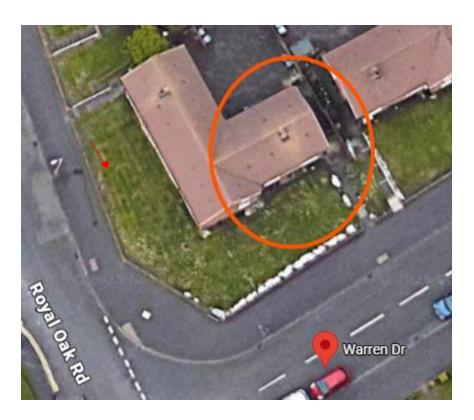
Sandwell MBC employees,

Contractors,

Service providers (e.g. meter readers, delivery people etc)

Statutory bodies (e.g. W.M.F.S, Police, and Ambulance)

Building Plan





External envelope

Following the introduction of the Fire Safety Act 2021, consideration needs to be given to the external envelope of the building for any fire risk. This predominantly means the external wall construction including any insulation filler. It also includes balconies and any other fixtures as well as doors and windows.

The materials used within the external construction at 1-3 Warren Drive present an acceptable level of risk to fire.

1)The exterior of the building is primarily traditional brick construction with a pitched roof design. The roof features concrete tiles and UPVC fascia boards along the roofline.





2) Front entrance door to the block is of UPVC construction with double glazing installed within the unit.





3) UPVC double-glazed window units have been installed in each flat and in the communal areas within the block.





Means of Escape from Fire

- 1) Each flat is equipped with, as a minimum LD3 fire detection to facilitate means of escape and provide sufficient response time.
- 2) The small section of the entrance hallway floor is covered in ceramic tiles. This is kept clear of any obstruction and combustibles promote maintain safe exit in an event of fire.



3)1-3 Warren Drive contains a single concrete staircase, positioned at the entrance of the block, which provides an adequate means of escape for the 1st floor flat. The width of the staircase, measured from handrail to wall, is 734 mm respectively. This staircase is kept clear to ensure a safe means of escape.





4) A UPVC window unit has been installed on the staircase landing which is openable without the use of key. This installation provides sufficient borrowed lighting and ventilation, while an incorporated Georgian wired glazing unit has been installed on the flat side to protect the means of escape and prevent the spread of fire and smoke. It should be noted that there is currently no automatic smoke ventilation system installed on the premises.





5)There is no emergency lighting in place at the block, however there is sufficient lighting installed over the staircase and over the small hallway by the final exit door.



6) The ground floor entrance houses a service cupboard secured by a push-button lock; it is recommended that this mechanism be upgraded to a more secure, budget-type lock. This has been noted in observations to be upgraded in any future refurbishment to the block.



7)The building has sufficient passive controls that provide effective compartmentation to support a Stay Put-Unless Policy. Therefore, residents are advised to remain in their flat unless the fire directly affects them.

8)The final exit door is installed with a thumb turn lock, this aids easy and safe evacuation out of the building in an event of a fire.





9)There are two service cupboards installed on the external wall along the egress path. These cupboards house the residents' gas meters but do not obstruct the clear and safe evacuation route from the building via the single ground-floor exit.



8

Fire Detection and Alarm Systems

- 1) Early warning is limited to hard wire or battery smoke alarms within SMBC's tenants flats, this is installed to a minimum of LD3 as standard, the equipment is subjected to a cyclical test.
- 2) There is no effective means for detecting an outbreak of fire to communal areas. The reason for this is:
 - I. Such systems may get vandalised.
 - II. False alarms would occur.
 - III. A Stay Put Unless policy is in place
- 4) Access was not possible to numbers 1 & 3 however, SMBC's Job Manager system confirms detectors to LD1 standard were checked as part of the most recent annual gas service. Flat 3 is a leaseholder property.

For information

LD1 all rooms except wet rooms

LD2 all-risk rooms e.g. Living Room, Kitchens, and Hallway.

LD3 Hallway only

9

Emergency Lighting

1) While dedicated emergency lighting has not been installed on the premises, the existing illumination is deemed adequate. This is due to the strategic placement of lighting units above the stairs and by the final exit, supplemented by sufficient borrowed lighting from the externally facing window on the staircase landing.







Compartmentation

A visual inspection of the accessible areas was undertaken as part of the assessment, but areas with restricted access, i.e., false ceilings and void areas, were only inspected where readily accessible. The survey undertaken as part of this risk assessment should not be construed as a full compartmentation survey of the building. From a visual inspection carried out at the time of the inspection, there were no breaches in compartmentation evident between the communal areas and the residential accommodation.

- 1) The walls and floors are designed and constructed to provide a minimum fire resistance rating of 1 hour in both the vertical and horizontal directions, particularly in areas surrounding stairwells, to ensure adequate fire compartmentation and life safety. In locations where flat entrance doors are installed, the required fire resistance performance is reduced to a minimum of 30 minutes, in accordance with applicable fire safety standards and regulatory requirements.
- 2) Due to the premises having a single open stairwell, provisions are in place to limit any potential risks within this area. The limit of combustibles and ignition sources are of a low level, alongside the use of notional timber and composite FD30s fire doors to individual flat entrances, and with sufficient fire stopping, provides acceptable compartmentation. There is a cyclical programme to ensure fire stopping as not been compromised by third parties e.g. contractors and where applicable enhance the fire stopping.

3) The rear of the service cupboard doors on the ground floor has been fitted with Promat SUPALUX boarding to establish a fire-resisting barrier. This installation is a form of passive fire protection intended to maintain the integrity of the fire compartmentation and delay the spread of fire and smoke.







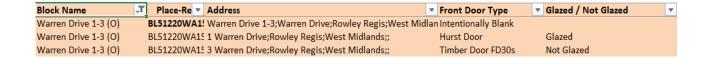
SUPALUX boarding

4) Electrical service cupboard is missing combined intumescent strips. This has been noted in observations to upgrade service cupboard doors containing electrical installation to 44mm FD30s lockable doors with mandatory signage in any future refurbishment to the block



5) Flat 1 has been fitted with a certified composite FD30S fire door assembly. In contrast, Flat 3 currently utilizes a notional timber door with an approximate FD30S fire rating. It is recommended that, during the next programmed refurbishment or maintenance cycle for the building, the door for Flat 3 be upgraded to a certified FD30S fire door to ensure full compliance with current safety standards and maintain consistent protection.





- 6) Access was not possible to sample self closing devices and condition of fire and smoke seals on flat entrance doors.
- 7) There is no means of access to the internal roof void from the common area of the block.

Fire Fighting Equipment

1) There is no firefighting equipment on this premises.

Fire Signage

- 1) Fire Action Notices are not displayed throughout the building. The signs are not necessary due to the building not having a complex layout.
- 2) Yellow LPG warning signs are not displayed within the block. <u>refer</u> to section 18.
- 3) Smoking is prohibited within any communal parts of the building in line with Smoke Free England legislation. External No Smoking sign has been removed. Will need to be reinstalled.

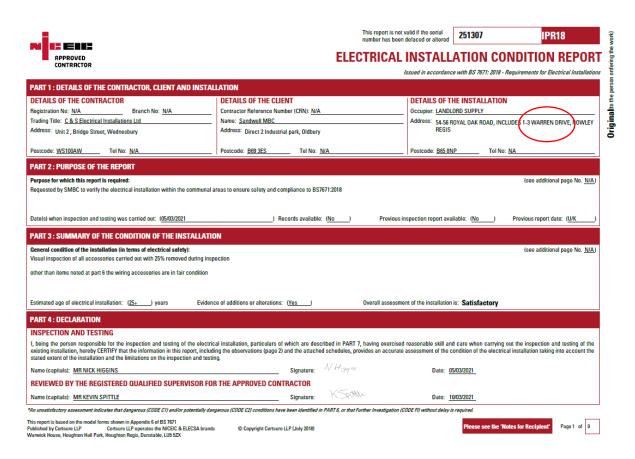


Employee & Resident Training/Provision of Information

- All Caretaking / Cleaning Employees have undertaken fire safety training. This includes use of bespoke 'Fire Safety in High / Low Rise Flatted Accommodation' Video.
- 2) All employees are encouraged to complete 'In the line of fire' training on an annual basis.
- 3) Caretaking teams are not currently trained in the effective use of fire extinguishers. Caretaking teams are not expected to tackle fires in this area.
- 4) Fire safety has been provided as part of tenancy pack.
- 5) Staff undertaking fire risk assessments are qualified to or working towards Level 4 Diploma in Fire Risk Assessment

Sources of Ignition

- 1) Smoking is prohibited on entrance and within any communal parts of the building in line with Smoke Free England legislation.
- 2) Hot working is not normally carried out. If essential maintenance requires the use of hot work processes, then corporate policies and procedures are to be followed.
- 3) Portable electrical equipment used as part of the Caretaking / Cleaning regime is subject to annual PAT Testing. This information is held by the Estate Services Manager.
- 4) The fixed electrical installation shall be tested every 5 years. Supply intake is at 54 -56 Royal Oak Road, satisfactory EICR conducted on 05/03/2021.



5) Resident electrical meter is in a service cupboard on the ground floor next to flat 1 entrance. This is kept free from any combustibles.





6) Gas appliances and pipework (where installed) are subject to annual testing and certification. This contract is managed by the in-house Gas team. Gas supply to these premises is external.



Waste Control

- 1) Sandwell Cleaning services are not employed at this block
- 2) Refuse bin is stored in a dedicated area next to a brick wall and away from the envelope of the building, this is at the rear of the block within the courtyard.



- 3) Sandwell Caretaking teams are not employed at the block.
- 4) Sandwell Council 'Out of Hours' service is in place to remove bulk items.

Control and Supervision of Contractors and Visitors

- Responsive Repairs service delivered by Sandwell MBC necessitates the production of an order via the computerised repairs system. Details of any known risks are documented on the repair order.
- 2) Hot works are not permitted unless authorisation is given via the approved officer. The hot works procedure is to be followed.
- 3) Utility companies are not allowed to access any service cupboard or secure area. They must request and collect maintenance keys from the local housing office. This allows scrutiny of what is the scope of any works such as installation of tenant's broadband / phone line etc.
- 4) Where contractors are appointed to undertake major refurbishment works, Sandwell MBC Urban Design team will put control measures in place. Such Measures include:
 - a) Pre-Contract Meetings where contractor is made aware of all working arrangements and safe systems of work to be adopted. Issues covered in this meeting will include:
 - Health and Safety.
 - Site Security.
 - Safety of working and impact on children/school business.
 - Fire risk, if any.
 - Site Emergency Plan.
 - b) Monthly Site Meetings to monitor, review and share any new information including any new risks.
 - c) Site monitored daily whilst work is in progress by Clerk of Works / Health and Safety Officers.
 - d) Final Contractor review on completion of works undertaken.

Arson Prevention

- 1) There is no current evidence of arson.
- 2) The perimeter of the premises is well illuminated with the installation of external lighting.



Front and rear external lighting.

3) There have been no reported fire incidents at 1-3 Warren Drive since the last FRA.

Storage Arrangements

- 1) Residents instructed not to bring L.P.G cylinders into block.
- 2) The tenancy conditions, Section 7 Condition 5.6 stipulates "If you live in a flat or maisonette, you, people living with you and any visitors to your property must not keep or use paraffin oil, petrol, bottled gas appliances or any other explosive, FLAMMABLE or dangerous material in the property. This restriction also applies to any storage facility situated in or attached to the block, which has been provided for your use."
- 3) No Flammable liquids stored on site by Caretakers / cleaners.
- 4) There are no flammable liquids or gas cylinders stored on site.

Additional Control Measures. Fire Risk Assessment - Action Plan

Significant Findings

Action Plan It is considered that the following recommendations should be implemented to reduce fire risk to, or maintain it at, the following level:					
Trivial ⊠ Tolerable □					
Definition of priorities (where applicable):					
P1 Arrange and complete as urgent – Within 10 days					

- P2 Arrange and complete within 1-3 Months of assessment date
- P3 Arrange and complete within 3-6 Months of assessment date
- P4 Arrange and complete exceeding 6 months under programmed work



Fire Risk Assessment Action Plan



Name of Premises or Location: 1-3 Warren Drive

Date of Action Plan: 18th December 2025

Review Date: <Insert date>

Question/ Ref No	Required Action	Supporting photograph	Priority	Timescale and Person Responsible	Date Completed
12/3	No Smoking signage needs installing.		P2	1 -3 Months Fire Rapid Response	

Observations

When undertaking future improvement program(s), it is advised that the observations listed below should be given consideration (noting that the safety of the residents is not jeopardised by these, and all steps to reduce any known risks have been taken).

It is recommended that for future renovations of the block that the notional FD30s timber fire door at flat 3 to be replaced with FD30s certified fire rated doors.

Upgrade service cupboard doors containing electrical installation to 44mm FD30s lockable doors with mandatory signage.





Signed

M.24.	Fire Risk Assessor	Date: 18 th December 2025
Chill	Building Safety Manager	Date: 18 th December 2025

Appendix 1

Significant Hazards on Site and Information to be Provided for the Fire Service

Name of property: 1 - 3 Warren Drive

Updated:

Premise Manager: Prabha Patel Tel. No.: 0121 569 2975

An asbestos survey has been undertaken and is held by S.M.B.C. Investment Division Tel:- 0121 569 5077).



Report No.: J410708

Nature of Work: Management Survey

Issue Date: 24/02/2025

Client Name:

Sandwell MBC (formerly Homes) Building Services, Direct 2 Trading Estate, Roway Lane, Oldbury, West Midlands, B69 3ES

UPRN: BL51220WA15 1

Site Address: 1-3 Warren Drive, Rowley Regis, B65 8NS



Order Placed By: Dean Harding Site Contact: Communal 08/02/2025 Date(s) of Work:

D Ely CCP (Asbestos) Technical Manager:

Assistant Surveyor(s): Jack Baldwin

Lead Surveyor:

Authorised Signatory:

Luke Fagan

Asbestos Consultant & Project Manager

Ryan Fagan CoC Asbestos Senior Technical Manager

24/02/2025

Non-accredited activities are present within this report.

Head Office: 20 Stourbridge Road, Halesowen, West Midlands B63 3US Tel: 0121 550 0224 Email: sales@bradley-enviro.co.uk



Registered Office: Bradley Envir West Midherds, B63 3US. Registered in England No. 02573757 Management Survey (with MA - LOD) Template Version 56

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