Fire Risk Assessment



1-8 Beever Road

Tipton DY4 0FE

Date Completed: 14/05/2025

Review Period: 3 years.

Officer: C. Hill Building Safety Manager

Checked By: A. Jones Building Safety Manager

Current Risk Rating = Tolerable



Subsequent reviews.

Review date	Officer	<u>Comments</u>

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Introduction

The Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 (RR(FS)O) places a legal duty on landlords to complete a fire risk assessment (FRA). Specifically, RR(FS)O article 9. — (1)

"The responsible person must make a suitable and sufficient assessment of the risks to which relevant persons are exposed for the purpose of identifying the general fire precautions he needs to take to comply with the requirements and prohibitions imposed on him by or under this Order".

This type 3 fire risk assessment has been written to comply fully with the above legislation which is enforced locally by West Midlands Fire Service. If required, complaints can be made to them by telephone on 0121 380 7500 or electronically on https://www.wmfs.net/our-services/fire-safety/#reportfiresafety. In the first instance however, we would be grateful if you could contact us directly via https://www.sandwell.gov.uk/info/200195/contact_the_council/283/feedb_ack_and_complaints or by phone on 0121 569 6000.

The date of the fire risk assessment is on the front page, followed by any subsequent reviews. A recurring time frame is not set in legislation, but the Council will as a minimum review:

- High Risk Residential Buildings annually
- Other Buildings every 3 years

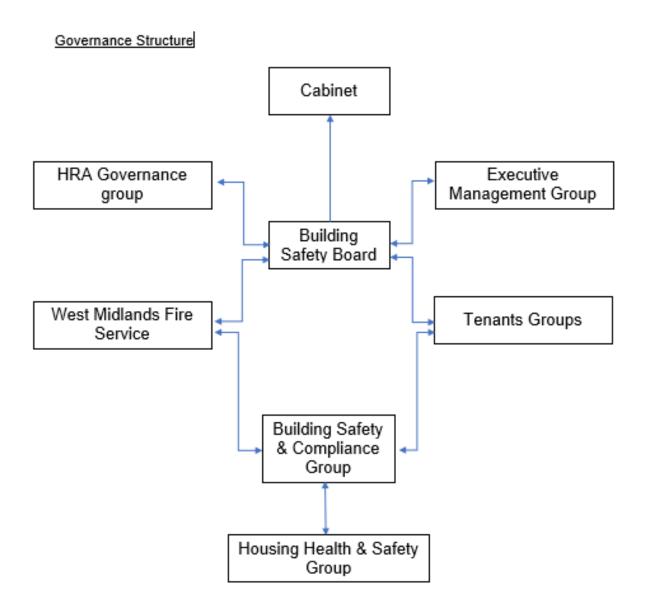
The council has procedures and policies in place that will trigger a review of the fire risk assessment. This then is recorded on the fire risk assessment if the review suggests the fire risk assessment is not currently suitable and sufficient, then a new fire risk assessment will be undertaken and become the current fire risk assessment. The previous fire risk assessment will be retained in the building safety case for that building.

The following diagrams illustrate those procedures and persons that support the effective planning, organisation, control, monitoring, and review of the preventive and protective measures. This information is provided as required under the RR(FS)O.



The above processes and procedures are overseen by the Fire Safety, Manager who reports to the Head of Building Safety.

These managers attend the Building Safety and Compliance Group for scrutiny which is part of the governance structure below.



To summarise the fire risk assessment, in this scenario the RR(FS)O requires the prescribed information to be recorded. The prescribed information is the significant findings of the fire risk assessment and those groups or persons especially at risk from fire. This is recorded here in section 1. Also required to be recorded under article 11, are the fire safety arrangements for the planning, organisation, control, monitoring, and review of the preventative and protective measures. The information shown above is part of this requirement.

1

Significant findings

The significant findings (executive summary) of the fire risk assessment include those measures that have been or will be undertaken by the responsible person in order to comply with the RR(FS)O 2005.

Groups of people especially at risk of fire include such people as remote or lone workers, at risk due to layout of the building, visitors, and contractors unfamiliar with the building layout as well as those with physical, sensory, or mental health issues.

A third requirement that under the order must be recorded is the fire safety arrangements. This is the effective planning, organisation, control, monitoring, and review of the preventive and protective measures. These are shown in the introduction.

Significant findings

Include a brief summary of protective and preventative measures where relevant along with any issues found.

The escape strategy is 'Stay Put Unless'. This means in the event of a fire in your flat you should evacuate. If there is a fire elsewhere in the building you should stay put unless you are affected by fire, smoke or you have been advised by the emergency services to leave.

Section number	Section Area	Individual Risk Level
Section 6	External Envelope The external envelope is predominantly tradition masonry. There is a small, rendered area to the front and rear elevations.	Trivial

Section 7	Means of Escape from Fire The site has a single staircase with AOV that provides sufficient means of escape. There are two final exit doors.	Trivial
Section 8	Fire Detection and Alarm Systems Early warning is limited to hard wired smoke / heat alarms within each of the resident's flats. Smoke detectors in communal areas are linked to the automatic opening vent only.	Trivial
Section 9	Emergency Lighting Self-contained emergency lighting has been installed throughout the means of escape.	Trivial
Section 10	Compartmentation The building is designed to provide as a minimum 1-hour vertical fire resistance and 1-hour horizontal fire resistance around flats and the stairwell.	Tolerable
	Flats 3-8 have certified FD30s entrance doors which require some adjustment to ensure they fully self-close.	
	Stairwell doors are FD60s to ground floor and FD30s to the floors above. All doors require adjustment to ensure they fully self-close.	
	Enhancement to some fire stopping in cupboards is required.	
	AOV shaft to be enhanced to provide 60 minutes integrity on roof void facing side.	

Section 11	Fire Fighting Equipment No firefighting provisions are provided within the premise.	Trivial
Section 12	Fire Signage Escape signage on landings to be corrected. Fire door keep locked shut signage required where missing. Fire Action Notices at final exit doors required. No smoking signage required at entrance doors. Building name on sign to be installed to front elevation.	Tolerable
Section 13	Employee Training All staff receive basic fire safety awareness training.	Trivial
Section 14	Sources of Ignition Commissioning certificates for all parts of the electrical installations have been provided. Commissioning certificates for all parts of the gas installations have been provided.	Trivial
Section 15	Waste Control Bins are stored within an external bin store. The gates to the store cannot be secured because there are no holes for the drop down bolts.	Tolerable

Section 16	Control and Supervision of Contractors and Visitors Contractors are controlled centrally, and hot works permits are required where necessary.	Trivial
Section 17	Arson Prevention The final exit doors have door entry systems installed. These systems are designed to fail safe i.e., door unlocked in the event of a power failure. The rear exit door requires adjustment because it is not securing against the magnetised latch.	Tolerable
Section 18	Storage Arrangements Confirmation is required that meter cupboard keys issued to residents will not unlock ground floor sluice room & 1 st / 2 nd floor cupboard doors.	Tolerable

Risk Level Indicator

The following simple risk level estimator is based on commonly used risk level estimator:

Likelihood of fire	Potential consequences of fire		
Likelinood of fire	Slight harm	Moderate harm	Extreme harm
Low	Trivial risk	Tolerable risk	Moderate risk
Medium	Tolerable risk	Moderate risk	Substantial risk
High	Moderate risk	Substantial risk	Intolerable risk

Considering the fire prevention measures observed at the time of this risk assessment, it is considered that the hazard from fire (likelihood of fire) at these premises is: Low \square Medium \boxtimes High \square

In this context, a definition of the above terms is as follows:

Low Unusually low likelihood of fire because

of negligible potential sources of ignition.

Medium Normal fire hazards (e.g., potential ignition

sources) for this type of occupancy, with fire hazards generally subject to appropriate controls (other than minor shortcomings).

High Lack of adequate controls applied to

one or more significant fire hazards, such as to result in significant increase

in likelihood of fire.

fire protection and procedur	e premises and the occupants, as well as the all arrangements observed at the time of this nsidered that the consequences for life safety
Slight Harm ⊠ Moderate	e Harm Extreme Harm
In this context, a definition o	f the above terms is as follows:
Slight harm	Outbreak of fire unlikely to result in serious injury or death of any occupant (other than an occupant sleeping in a room in which a fire occurs).
Moderate harm	Outbreak of fire could foreseeably result in injury including serious injury) of one or more occupants, but it is unlikely to involve multiple fatalities.
Extreme harm	Significant potential for serious injury or death of one or more occupants.
Accordingly, it is considered is:	that the risk to life from fire at these premises
Trivial □ Tolerable ⊠ Mo	oderate Substantial Intolerable

Comments:

In conclusion, the likelihood of a fire is at a medium level of risk prior to the implementation of the action plan because of the normal fire hazards that have been highlighted within the risk assessment following the completion of this recently constructed building.

After considering the use of the premise and the occupants within the block, the consequences for life safety in the event of a fire would be slight harm. This is because of the fire detection within flats, protected flat hallways, FD30s entrance doors, FD30s / FD60 doors along the means of escape, protected stairwell and a choice of two final exit doors plus a Stay Put Unless fire strategy.

Although none of the actions raised within this FRA are substantial enough to prevent occupation of the building, all actions should be resolved within the timeframe set within the action plan in section 19.

Overall, the level of risk at the time of this FRA is tolerable, this will be lowered to trivial once the recommended actions have been completed.

Risk level	Action and timescale
Trivial	No action is required, and no detailed records need to be kept.
Tolerable	No major additional fire precautions are required. However, there might be a need for reasonably practicable improvements that involve minor or limited cost.
Moderate	It is essential that efforts are made to reduce the risk. Risk reduction measures, which should take cost into account, should be implemented within a defined time. Where moderate risk is associated with consequences that constitute extreme harm, further assessment might be required to establish more precisely the likelihood of harm as a basis for determining the priority for improved control measures.
Substantial	Considerable resources might have to be allocated to reduce the risk. If the premises are unoccupied, it should not be occupied until the risk has been reduced. If the premises are occupied, urgent action should be taken.
Intolerable	Premises (or relevant area) should not be occupied until the risk is reduced.

(Note that, although the purpose of this section is to place the fire risk in context, the above approach to fire risk assessment is subjective and for guidance only. All hazards and deficiencies identified in this report should be addressed by implementing all recommendations contained in the following action plan. The fire risk assessment should be reviewed regularly.)

2

People at Significant Risk of Fire

Persons at significant risk of fire does not just refer to those people with physical, sensory, or mental health issues. It also includes those at risk due to the layout or features of the building such as inner rooms or deadend conditions. Persons may also be at risk due to remote or lone working.

The RR(FS)O requires that these people are identified in any fire risk assessment.

Sandwell Council takes the health, safety and wellbeing of its colleagues, contractors, residents, and leaseholders seriously. It is our policy to exceed, where possible, the minimum health and safety requirements of the law.

Residents are responsible for letting us know whether they might need a Personal Emergency Evacuation Plan (PEEP). The Resident Engagement Officers (Fire Safety) will conduct an assessment visit upon request. Any risk-reduction measures that are found where a PEEP is necessary and completed will be documented and taken quickly.

With the consent of the resident, we will make a referral for West Midlands Fire Service to conduct a Safe and Well visit.

When a PEEP is in place, the relevant information will be kept in the secure Premise Information Box (High Rise Buildings only), which is set up to help WMFS in an emergency. The data is classified as level 1, which means it complies with the General Data Protection Regulations.

3

Contact Details

The Chief Executive of Sandwell Metropolitan Borough Council has ultimate responsibility for the site as the responsible person identified by the RR(FS)O 2005.

The Chief Executive has put a structure in place to support the management of the site. This includes the role of Building Safety Manager who has duties as defined within the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005. The contact names to support the management of the site are as follows:

Chief Executive			
Shokat Lal			
Executive Director Asset	Manager & Improvement		
Alan	Lunt		
Fire Safet	y Manager		
Tony Th	ompson		
Team Lead	Team Lead Fire Safety		
Jason	Jason Blewitt		
	uilding Safety		
	Anthony Smith		
	ice Manager		
•	Dhaliwal		
Building Safety Managers	Resident Engagement Officers		
Adrian Jones	Fire Safety		
Andrew Froggatt Abdulmonim Khan			
Carl Hill	Ethan Somaiya		
Louis Conway	Hannah Russon		

Please note, the above details are correct at the time of the production of the risk assessment and may be subject to change.

Description of Premises

Flats 1-8, Beever Road, Tipton, DY4 0FE

Description of the Property:

This type 3 fire risk assessment is for a recently completed new development consisting of 8 flats within 3 storey block known as 1-8 Beever Road. The development was constructed in 2024/25 using traditional brick and block cavity, pre cast concrete floor slabs and a pitched tiled roof. There is a single precast concrete staircase that serves all floors, with an automatic opening vent to the head.







The building has two communal entrances, one to the front and one to the rear. Both entrances benefit from a door entry system and firefighter door override switch. Local authority employees and the fire & rescue service can use a drop latch key to gain access. Both doors serve as final exit doors and open inwards. Taking into account the predicted number of persons within the building will not exceed 60, the inward opening exit doors are acceptable.





To exit, both communal entrances are opened manually using a push button to release function or with an emergency door release break glass point.









The main entrance lobby consists of a sluice room, service cupboard and electricity meter cupboard.









The landlords supply consumer unit and automatic opening vent status panel are both in the sluice room.





There are two ground flats with independent external access to the front and rear of the building. The flats have an LD1 standard detection system and have been specifically designed with adaptable kitchens and bathrooms to meet the various needs of people who may have disabilities.









There are three flats to each floor above, all with an LD2 standard detection system and a certified FD30s entrance door opening into a protected lobby corridor.







All eight flats have protected entrance halls offering 30 minutes fire resistance and, FD30 internal doors.

An unused cupboard has been formed to the 1st and 2nd floor lobbies. The cupboards were originally designed to form a smoke extraction shaft however, the feature was deemed not necessary during the construction stage. The cupboards have been secured with locked FD60s doors.



The roof void can be accessed from within the 2nd floor flats and lobby corridor. Compartment walls between flats and the means of escape extend to the roof line restricting fire and smoke travel above flats.







Gas meters and supply pipework for flats is externally to the front and side elevation nearest the road.





Isolation points for the gas are within the meter boxes. Electricity supplies to the flats can be isolated in the meter cupboard and / or within the flats.

There is a detached bin store sufficiently located at a safe horizontal distance.



Charging facilities for electric vehicles have been provided to the front of the building. The nearest outlets are at an acceptable distance of approximately 4 meters from the building.

Suitable access on hard standing for fire service pumping appliances has been provided to within 45 metres of all points with in the flats.



This fire risk assessment survey was undertaken prior to occupation by tenants.

The communal, any workplace areas and the external envelope of the building are subject to the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 as confirmed by the Fire Safety Act 2021.

The enforcing authority is West Midlands Fire Service.

High/Low Rise	Low Rise
Number of Floors	3 (including lower ground)
Date of Construction	2024/25.
Construction Type	Brick & Block Cavity
Last Refurbished	N/A
External Cladding	None
Number of Lifts	None
Number of Staircases	1
Automatic Smoke Ventilation to	AOV to head of the stairwell.
communal area	
Fire Alarm System	None in common area
Refuse Chute	None – External Bin Store
Access to Roof	Loft hatches on 2 nd floor in
	communal lobby and flats.
Equipment on roof (e.g. mobile	None
phone station etc)	

Persons at Risk

Residents / Occupants of 8 number of flats,

Visitors,

Sandwell MBC employees,

Contractors,

Service providers (e.g. meter readers, delivery people etc)

Statutory bodies (e.g. W.M.F.S, Police, and Ambulance)





SANDWELL BUILDING CONSULTANCY

Certificate of Completion

BUILDING ACT 1984 BUILDING REGULATIONS

Reference No: 22/00640/DOMFP

Description of work: Plots 11-18 - 8no Apartments

Address of work: Land Adj Beever Road Tipton

Full Plans/Building Notice deposited/accepted on: 25th July 2022

Date of Completion Inspection: 7th May 2025

COMPLIANCE WITH BUILDING REGULATIONS

It is certified that so far as the Council have been able to ascertain, after taking all reasonable steps, that the substantive requirements of the Building Regulations are satisfied. This certificate is evidence, but not conclusive evidence, that the requirements specified in the certificate have been complied with.

LIMITATIONS

This Certificate relates only to the work described above and not in the case of an extension or alterations or installation of fittings to any work carried out to which the Building Regulations do not apply.

Dated: 7th May 2025

Signed:

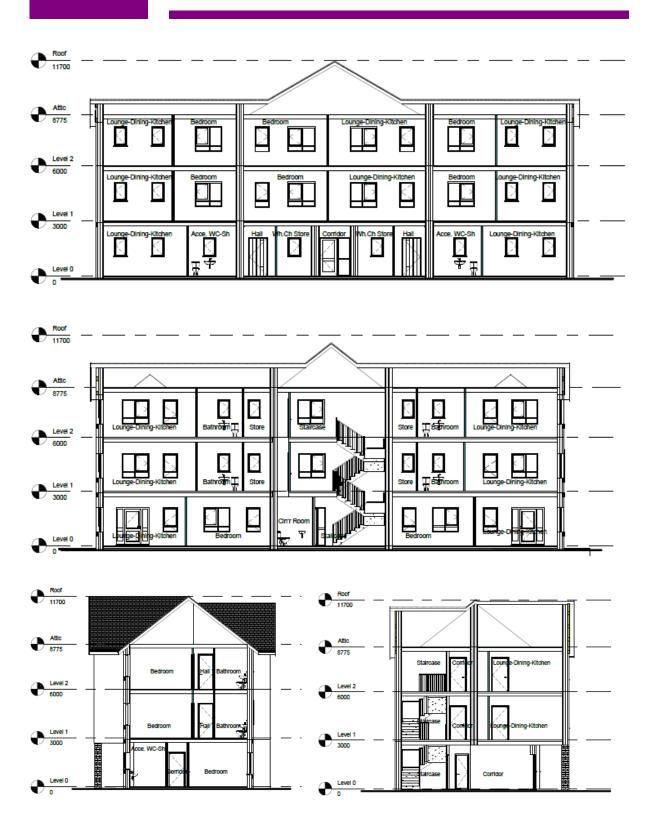
Mr Adam Walker

Building Control Technical Manager - Class 3 A-H1&2, Class 4

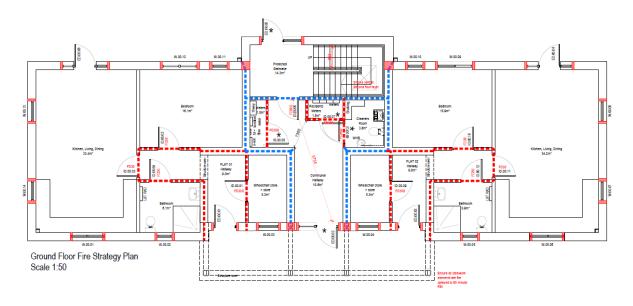
Online: www.sandwell.gov.uk
Address: Oldbury Council House, Freeth Street, Oldbury B69 3DE
Oldbury | Rowley Regis | Smethwick | Tipton | Wednesbury | West Bromwich

Tel: 0121 569 4054

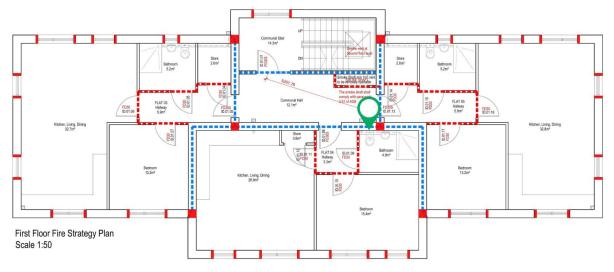
Building Plan



Ground Floor



Typical Upper Floor





Where fire stopping line extends into wall, vertical cavity barrier should be installed within the cavity in line with proposed.

External envelope

Following the introduction of the Fire Safety Act 2021, consideration needs to be given to the external envelope of the building for any fire risk. This predominantly means the external wall construction including any insulation filler. It also includes balconies and any other fixtures as well as doors and windows.

Below is a breakdown of the materials used within the external envelope and, as part of the external wall system.

It is deemed that the combination and application of these materials presents an acceptable level of fire risk.

1) The external envelope of the premises is predominantly traditional brick, surmounted by a pitched concrete tiled roof.



2) There's a limed based rendered coating to a section of the 1st & 2nd floor front & rear elevations. The product is manufactured by Knauf – product reference Presto Regal Range.





3) Windows are predominantly UPVC double glazed units.



4) Communal entrance doors and windows are powder coated aluminium.



5) Entrance doors to flats 1 & 2 are PVC-u non fire rated doors which is deemed acceptable because they open into a place of ultimate safety.



6) None of the flats have external balconies.

Means of Escape from Fire

 Each flat has a protected hallway, all doors from the hallway leading to individual rooms are FD30 doors with intumescent strips.
 The travel distance from any habitable room through the protected hallway, to the flat entrance door is less than 9 metres which is acceptable.



2) All internal doors within flats are FD30 timber doors with intumescent strips.



3) All flat entrance doors to the 1st and 2nd floor are certified timber FD30s fire doors manufactured by JELD-WEN UK Limited. The doors are equipped with intumescent strips, cold smoke seals and an overhead self-closing device.





4) The distance to a place of reasonable safety was measured from the furthest flat. The travel distance from the furthest flat to the protected staircase was measured at approximately 4.5 metres which is an acceptable distance.





5) The site has a single staircase that provides a sufficient means of escape that is 980mm in width, from the wall to the handrail and 840mm between the 2 handrails.







6) There is an automatic opening vent to the head of the protected stairwell. This is operated by smoke detectors installed throughout the communal areas.



7) Communal landing windows in the protected stairwell are openable.



8) All corridors are of adequate width (at least 1050mm) and will be maintained clear to that width as a minimum.





- 9) None of the corridors that form part of the means of escape are dead ends.
- 10) All communal doors are fitted with automatic closing devices that will be checked on a regular basis by Caretaking Teams once the building has been occupied. Defective closing devices are replaced either by the Caretaking Team(s) or the in-house repairs team(s).



11) The final exit doors have a door entry and exit system installed. These systems are designed to fail safe i.e., door unlocked in the event of a power failure. This prevents residents being locked in or out of the building. Both final exit doors lead to a place of ultimate safety.



- 12) Communal areas are kept free of flammable items as per SMBC tenancy conditions. The communal areas will be checked on a regular basis by Caretaking / Cleaning teams and all items of rubbish removed once the building is occupied with tenants.
- 13) Torrex Flameshield Ultimate AG finish system has been applied to all surface coatings within the communal areas to achieve a class 0 fire performance.
- 14) Information taken from the buildings health & safety file confirms the poly vinyl flooring fitted throughout the communal areas is Safetread Universal Plus manufactured by Tarkett Ltd. It is understood that this flooring has been procured in accordance with BS EN 13553. A reaction to fire classification report for the product is available on the manufacturers website which states the product is compliant and rated as B-s1 (very limited contribution to fire).
- 15) The communal areas of the building are equipped with emergency lighting.
- 16) There is no chute room or dry riser.
- 17) The building has sufficient passive controls that provide effective compartmentation to support a Stay Put-Unless Policy. Therefore, residents are advised to remain in their flat unless the fire directly affects them.

8

Fire Detection and Alarm Systems

1) Early warning is limited to hard wired smoke & heat detectors within each of the resident's flats. The equipment is manufactured by AICO and will be subjected to a cyclical test once the building has been occupied by residents. The unit in all kitchens is a combined heat & carbon monoxide detector.



2) All flats were accessed during the fire risk assessment. The smoke & heat alarms within resident's flats are installed to:

Flat 1 & 2 – LD1 standard.

Flats 3 – 8 LD2 standard

For information

LD1 all rooms except wet rooms.

LD2 all-risk rooms e.g., Living Room, Kitchens and Hallway.

LD3 Hallway only.

3) A sample (flat 1) of the domestic fire detection and alarm system commissioning certificate is below.



- 4) There is no other effective means for detecting an outbreak of fire to communal areas. The reason for this is: -
 - I. Such systems may get vandalised.
 - II. False alarms would occur.
 - III. A Stay Put Unless policy is in place.
- 5) Smoke detectors in communal areas are to operate the automatic smoke vent only.



9

Emergency Lighting

- 1) The premises appears to have a sufficient emergency / escape lighting system in accordance with BS 5266.
- 2) The self-contained units are provided to the final exit doors, communal corridors and protected stairwell.



3) Below - commissioning certificate for the emergency lighting system.



Compartmentation

The high degree of fire separation between flats and the common parts is achieved by making each flat a fire-resisting enclosure. This is known as compartmentation. A compartment is simply a part of a building bounded by walls and floors that will resist the passage of fire for a specified period of time. The fire resistance of this construction is such that, normally, a fire will burn itself out before spreading to other parts of the building.

- 1) The building is designed to provide as a minimum 1-hour vertical fire resistance and 1-hour horizontal fire resistance around flats and the stairwell. All doors are certified 30-minute or 60 minute fire resistant, including those in 1-hour rated walls.
- 2) Fire stopping works to service penetrations throughout the building was completed by Murus Fire Protection during the construction process. Murus have provided detailed fire stopping reports to SMBC as per regulation 38 of the Building Regulations 2010. A variety of methods / materials have been used to achieve fire-stopping, such as Ablative Batt and HP intumescent mastic (example below).



- 3) Fire stopping / compartmentation in some areas to be enhanced or requires improvement following service penetrations.
 - a) Ground floor service cupboard between sluice room and meter cupboard / holes in ablative batt.





b) Ground floor meter cupboard, penetration holes not fire stopped, and edges of ablative batt are exposed.



c) 2nd floor cupboard in lobby corridor – stud work between FD60s door and compartment wall is exposed / not appropriately finished. Also fire rated plasterboard above has not been skimmed / fixings are exposed.



d) AOV shaft walls on the roof void side appear to be single boarded therefore not providing 60 minutes fire protection as required.



e) Various gaps noted in service cupboards concerning blockwork and between blockwork and exposed floor slabs above. Firestopping required.







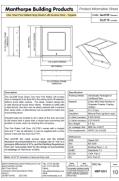
- 4) The premise has sufficient compartmentation to limit the travel and effect of smoke and flame in the event of a fire. Whilst the existing fire stopping has recently been completed and is fit for purpose, there is a cyclical programme to ensure fire stopping has not been compromised by third parties and where applicable enhance the fire stopping.
- 5) The fire stopping / compartmentation is subject to an annual check by the Fire Safety Rapid Response Team.
- 6) Any remedial works arising from the fire stopping / compartmentation check(s) will be actioned immediately by the Fire Safety Rapid Response Team
- 7) Generally, the means of escape is protected from flats with the use of certified timber FD30s flat entrance doors.



8) The building has sufficient passive controls that provide effective compartmentation to support a Stay Put -Unless policy. Therefore, residents are advised to remain in their flat unless the fire directly affects them or if they are advised to evacuate by the emergency services.

9) The building has a pitched roof. The roof void can be accessed from within the 2nd floor flats and lobby corridor. Compartmentation walls between flats and the means of escape extend to the roof line restricting fire and smoke travel above flats. All loft hatches are fire rated to 60 minutes within ceilings lined with a double layer of 12.5mm fire rated plasterboard, which also provides 60 minutes integrity. Double layered boards have been installed with staggered joints.









- 10) The communal doors are fitted with automatic closing devices that will be checked on a regular basis by Caretaking Teams once the building has been occupied. Defective closing devices are replaced by either by the Caretaking Team(s) or the in-house repairs team(s).
- 11) All communal doors are certified to FD30s or FD60s as follows:





Ground floor:

Sluice room FD30s Water service cupboard FD60s Meter cupboard FD30s Landing door FD60s

1st Floor:

Landing door FD30s Cupboard door FD60s 2nd Floor: Landing door FD30s Cupboard door FD60s

12) Communal doors require adjustment: (It should be noted that missing Fire Door Keep Shut Signage has been installed to the doors below post initial survey).







b) 1st floor stairwell door not reliably self-closing fully and excessive gap up to 8mm on leading edge.



c) 2nd floor stairwell door not reliably self-closing fully.



13) All flat entrance doors to the 1st and 2nd floor are certified timber FD30s fire doors manufactured by JELD-WEN UK Limited. The doors are equipped with intumescent strips, cold smoke seals, overhead self-closing device and drop down seals.

Entrance doors to flats 1 & 2 are not required to be fire rated as they don't open into internal common areas.



- 14) The following flat entrance doors failed to over come the latch and fully self-close during the initial survey. This was further confirmed during a second visit to the building.
 - a) Flat 3 Not reliably fully self-closing.



b) Flat 4 - Not reliably fully self-closing.



c) Flat 5 - Not reliably fully self-closing.



d) Flat 6 - Not reliably fully self-closing.



e) Flat 7 - Not reliably fully self-closing.



f) Flat 8 - Not reliably fully self-closing.



Definitions Fire Doors.

Notional fire door - A fire door that is thought to have been installed at the time of construction. This door may not meet current building regulation requirements however is still acceptable if performing as originally intended.

Upgraded notional fire door - A notional fire door that has been upgraded. For example, with intumescent strips and cold smoke seals.

Nominal fire door – A fire door that may meet the standards specified within the building regulations but has not been awarded the official certification of doors manufactured and evaluated by an accredited, third-party testing unit and approved formally with the relevant certificates and documentation.

Certified fire door – A fire door and frame that have been approved and certified by the manufacturer. A competent person must install the door assembly.

Fire Fighting Equipment

 There is no fire-fighting equipment installed at these premises.
 There is a firefighting hydrant located on the junction of Toll End Rd / Beever Rd.



Fire Signage

- 1) All fire doors display "Fire Door Keep Shut" where appropriate.
- 2) Fire Door Keep Locked Shut signage is missing from:

Ground floor:

Sluice room FD30s Water service cupboard FD60s Meter cupboard FD30s

1st Floor:

Cupboard door FD60s

2nd Floor:

Cupboard door FD60s

3) Fire Action Notices have not been displayed as per CLG Guide to Keeping Your Small Blocks of Flats Safe from Fire.

4) Emergency escape signage has been installed.

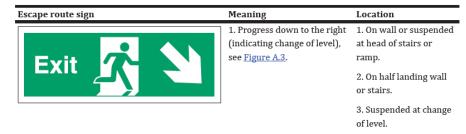


5) Escape signage on stairwell 1st and 2nd floor landings display incorrect arrow. The arrow should be pointing diagonally downwards and right to signify "progress down to the right" as per BS 5499 - 4.



BRITISH STANDARD BS 5499-4:2013

Table 1 - Escape route signs (meaning and use of BS EN ISO 7010:2012, E001 or E002 with directional arrow)



- 6) No smoking (Smoke Free England) signage is not displayed within the communal areas.
- 7) External signage identifying the name of the block has not been installed.

Employee & Resident Training/Provision of Information

- 1) All Caretaking / Cleaning Employees have undertaken fire safety training. This includes use of bespoke 'Fire Safety in High / Low Rise Flatted Accommodation' Video.
- 2) All employees are encouraged to complete 'In the line of fire' training on an annual basis.
- 3) Staff undertaking fire risk assessments are qualified to a Level 4 Diploma in Fire Risk Assessment.
- 4) Fire safety information will be provided as part of tenancy pack.
- 5) Information regarding the Stay Put Unless fire evacuation strategy and Fire Doors was delivered to each flat during this Fire Risk Assessment.





Sources of Ignition

- 1) Smoking is prohibited within any communal parts of the building in line with Smoke Free England legislation.
- 2) Hot works are not normally conducted. If essential maintenance requires the use of hot work processes, then corporate policies and procedures are to be followed.
- 3) Buildings Regulations certificate of compliance for the electrical installations within the building are dated 09/04/2025.



4) This fixed electrical installation was recently installed. The date of the commissioning certificate for the landlords supply is 17/04/2025.



5) The date of the electrical installation commissioning certificates for flats 1-8 is also 17/04/2025.



- 6) Portable electrical equipment used as part of the Caretaking / Cleaning regime is subject to annual PAT Testing. This information is held by the Estate Services Manager Bryan Low.
- 7) Portable heaters are not allowed in any common parts of the premises.
- 8) External gas meters and pipework form part of the gas installation. Building regulations compliance certificates have been issued.



9) Gas Boiler Commissioning checklists & Gas Safety Records for flats form part of the H&S file.



10)	Gas meters, pipework and gas fuelled appliances are subject to
	annual testing and certification. This cyclical contract is managed by
	the in-house Gas Team.

11)	As	per	tenancy	agreements,	flammable	liquids	or	gas	cylinders
	sho	uld r	not be sto	red on site.					

Waste Control

1) Refuse containers are contained within an external bin store. The bin store cannot be secured because there are no holes for the drop down bolts.





- 2) Refuse containers will be emptied at regular intervals by SMBC partner Serco.
- 3) There is an 'Out of Hours' service in place to remove bulk items.

Control and Supervision of Contractors and Visitors

- Responsive Repairs service delivered by Sandwell MBC necessitates the production of an order via the computerised repairs system. Details of any known risks are documented on the repair order.
- 2) Owing to the nature of low-rise flatted accommodation it is difficult to manage/control individual contractors/utility companies.
- 3) Hot works are not permitted unless authorisation is given via the approved officer. The hot works procedure is to be followed.
- 4) Utility companies are not allowed to access any service cupboard or secure area. They must request and collect maintenance keys from the local housing office. This allows scrutiny of what is the scope of any works such as installation of tenant's broadband / phone line etc.
- 5) Where contractors are appointed to undertake major refurbishment works, Sandwell MBC Urban Design team will put control measures in place. Such Measures include:
 - a) Pre-Contract Meetings where contractor is made aware of all working arrangements and safe systems of work to be adopted. Issues covered in this meeting will include:
 - Health and Safety.
 - Site security.
 - Safety of working and impact on children/school business.
 - Fire risk, if any.
 - Site Emergency plan.
 - b) Monthly Site Meetings to monitor, review and share any new information including any new risks.
 - c) Site monitored daily whilst work is in progress by Clerk of Works / Health and Safety Officers.
 - d) Final Contractor review on completion of works undertaken.

Arson Prevention

- Once occupied regular checks will be undertaken by Caretakers / Cleaning Team(s) 365 days per year which helps reduce the risk of arson.
- 2) Access to the building is restricted by a door entry system.
- 3) The rear entrance / exit door is failing to reliably self-close therefore, the magnetised latch is not holding the door.



4) The building is new therefore there has been no previously reported fire incidents.

Storage Arrangements

- 1) Residents are instructed not to bring L.P.G cylinders into block. This information is contained within the tenants' handbook.
- 2) The tenancy conditions, Section 7 Condition 5.6 stipulates "If you live in a flat or maisonette, you, people living with you and any visitors to your property must not keep or use paraffin oil, petrol, bottled gas appliances or any other explosive, FLAMMABLE, or dangerous material in the property. This restriction also applies to any storage facility situated in or attached to the block, which has been provided for your use."
- 3) No Flammable liquids stored on site by Caretakers / Cleaners.
- 4) Meter, service, sluice room and lobby cupboards (redundant smoke shaft) doors are kept locked. Confirmation required that keys issued to residents for the meter cupboard do not operate locks to other doors.

Additional Control Measures. Fire Risk Assessment - Action Plan

Significant Findings

Action Plan.
It is considered that the following recommendations should be implemented to reduce fire risk to, or maintain it at, the following level:
Trivial ⊠ Tolerable □
Definition of priorities (where applicable):
P1 Arrange and complete as urgent – Within 10 days.
P2 Arrange and complete within 1-3 Months of assessment date.
P3 Arrange and complete within 3-6 Months of assessment date.
P4 Arrange and complete exceeding 6 months under programmed work.



Fire Risk Assessment Action Plan



Name of Premises or Location: 1 – 8 Beever Road, Tipton.

Date of Action Plan: 20/05/2025

Review Date: <Insert date>

Question/ Ref No	Required Action	Supporting photograph	Priority	Timescale and Person Responsible	Date Completed
10/3a	Ground floor service cupboard (water) - Fire stop holes in ablative batt at pipe penetration.	WARNING INC. TO SERVICE STATE OF THE PROPERTY	P2	Within 1-3 months Urban Designs	

10/3b	Ground floor meter cupboard - Fire stop holes in ablative batt at cable penetrations. Also, exposed edges of batt should be "buttered" with ablative coating.		P2	Within 1-3 months Urban Designs
10/3c	2 nd floor cupboard – exposed studwork to be suitably finished to create 60 minutes integrity. Also fire rated plasterboard to be finished / skimmed.	9783	P2	Within 1-3 months Urban Designs
10/3d	AOV shaft to be suitably boarded on roof void side to ensure 60 minutes integrity.		P2	Within 1-3 months Urban Designs

10/3e	Service cupboards - Fire stop all obvious gaps within blockwork and between floor slabs / blockwork.	0.24	P2	Within 1-3 months Urban Designs	
10/12a	Ground floor stairwell door requires adjustment to ensure it reliably fully self closes into frame.	VED POR CAMPACK In this is the second property of the second proper	P2	Within 1-3 months Urban Designs	
10/12b	1st floor stairwell door requires adjustment to ensure it reliably fully self closes into frame. Also, excessive gap (8mm) on leading edge to be corrected.	0345 38 10 999 www.ventrogroup contactus@ventro	P2	Within 1-3 months Urban Designs	

10/12c	2 nd floor stairwell door requires adjustment to ensure it reliably fully self closes into frame.	O245 38 10 999 www.wentrogroup.com contactuseseventrogroup.com contactuseseventrogroup.com	P2	Within 1-3 months Urban Designs	
10/14a	Flat 3 – Adjust entrance door to ensure it reliably fully self closes into frame.	3	P2	Within 1-3 months Urban Designs	
10/14b	Flat 4 - Adjust entrance door to ensure it reliably fully self closes into frame.		P2	Within 1-3 months Urban Designs	

10/14c	Flat 5 - Adjust entrance door to ensure it reliably fully self closes into frame.	5	P2	Within 1-3 months Urban Designs	
10/14d	Flat 6 - Adjust entrance door to ensure it reliably fully self closes into frame.		P2	Within 1-3 months Urban Designs	
10/14e	Flat 7 - Adjust entrance door to ensure it reliably fully self closes into frame.	Y	P2	Within 1-3 months Urban Designs	

10/14f	Flat 8 - Adjust entrance door to ensure it reliably fully self closes into frame.	8	P2	Within 1-3 months Urban Designs
12/2	Install "Fire Door Keep Shut" signage to 5 x locked service / store cupboard doors.	n/a	P2	Within 1-3 months Urban Designs
12/3	Install a Fire Action Notice adjacent the front and rear final exit doors as per CLG low rise flats guidance.	n/a	P2	Within 1-3 months Urban Designs
12/5	Escape signage on stairwell landings (2) to be replaced with signage as per BS5499 – 4 / arrow pointing downwards and right.	Fire S. V. Exit S. V.	P2	Within 1-3 months Urban Designs

12/6	No smoking signage (Smoke Free England) to be displayed at front and rear exits.	n/a	P2	Within 1-3 months Urban Designs	
12/7	Install external signage to the front of the building identifying the name of the block.	n/a	P2	Within 1-3 months Urban Designs	
15/1	Bin store – drill holes for drop down bolts on gates.		P2	Within 1-3 months Urban Designs	
17/3	The rear entrance door requires adjustment to ensure it reliably makes contact with the magnetised latch. Door isn't currently securing.		P2	Within 1-3 months Urban Designs	

18/4	Confirmation required that meter cupboard keys issued to residents will not unlock ground floor sluice room & 1 st / 2 nd floor cupboard doors.	N/A	P2	Within 1-3 months Urban Designs	
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When undertaking future improvement program(s), it is advised that the observations listed below should be given consideration (noting that the safety of the residents is not jeopardised by these, and all steps to reduce any known risks have been taken).

Observations	
N/A	

Signed

Chill	Building Safety Manager	Date: 20/05/2025
ADEIRN JOWES	Quality Assurance Check	Date: 28/05/2025

Appendix 1

Significant Hazards on Site and Information to be Provided for the Fire Service

Name of property: 1-8 Beever Road, Tipton.

Updated: 20/05/2025.

Premise Manager: Tony Thompson. Tel. No.: 0121 569 2975

Hazard	Information/Comments
Building Materials - N/A	Asbestos not present / New build property (2025)
Japanese Knotweed **Constitution** **Constitut	Adjacent to site along the Tipton brook there are areas of Japanese knotweed which at the time of this report is subject to a 5 year treatment plan.