### Fire Risk Assessment

#### Walker Avenue





Walker Avenue 1-3, 2-4

#### Walker Avenue, Tividale, Oldbury B69 1NP

**Date Completed: 20/09/2023** 

Review Period: 3 years

Officer: L. Conway Trainee Fire Risk Assessor

Checked By: J Blewitt Team Lead Fire Safety & Facilities

**Current Risk Rating = Tolerable** 



#### **Subsequent reviews**

Review date	Officer	Comments

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#### Introduction

The Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 (RR(FS)O) places a legal duty on landlords to complete a fire risk assessment (FRA). Specifically, RR(FS)O article 9. — (1) "The responsible person must make a suitable and sufficient assessment of the risks to which relevant persons are exposed for the purpose of identifying the general fire precautions he needs to take to comply with the requirements and prohibitions imposed on him by or under this Order".

This fire risk assessment has been written to comply fully with the above legislation which is enforced locally by West Midlands Fire Service. If required, complaints can be made to them by telephone on 0121 380 7500 or electronically on <a href="https://www.wmfs.net/our-services/fire-safety/#reportfiresafety">https://www.safety/#reportfiresafety</a>. In the first instance however, we would be grateful if you could contact us directly via <a href="https://www.sandwell.gov.uk/info/200195/contact\_the\_council/283/feedback\_and\_complaints">https://www.sandwell.gov.uk/info/200195/contact\_the\_council/283/feedback\_and\_complaints</a> or by phone on 0121 569 6000.

The date of the fire risk assessment is on the front page, followed by any subsequent reviews. A recurring time frame is not set in legislation, but the Council will as a minimum review:

- High Risk Residential Buildings annually
- Other Buildings every 3 years

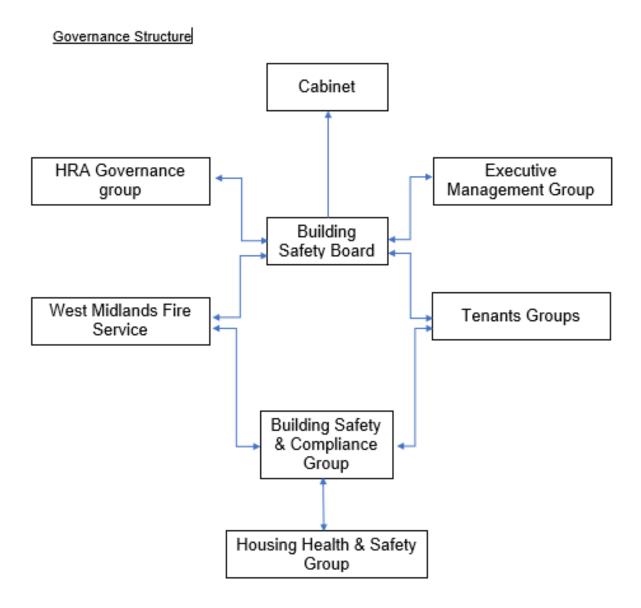
The council has procedures and policies in place that will trigger a review of the fire risk assessment. This then is recorded on the fire risk assessment. If the review suggests the fire risk assessment is not currently suitable and sufficient, then a new fire risk assessment will be undertaken and become the current fire risk assessment. The previous fire risk assessment will be retained in the building safety case for that building.

The following diagrams illustrate those procedures and persons that support the effective planning, organisation, control, monitoring and review of the preventive and protective measures. This information is provided as required under the RR(FS)O.



The above processes and procedures are overseen by the Fire Safety, Manager who reports to the Head of Building Safety

These managers attend the Building Safety and Compliance Group for scrutiny which is part of the governance structure below.



To summarise the fire risk assessment, in this scenario the RR(FS)O requires the prescribed information to be recorded. The prescribed information is the significant findings of the fire risk assessment and those groups or persons especially at risk from fire. This is recorded here in <a href="section 1">section 1</a>. Also required to be recorded under article 11, are the fire safety arrangements for the planning, organisation, control, monitoring and review of the preventative and protective measures. The information shown above is part of this requirement.

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#### Significant findings

The significant findings (executive summary) of the fire risk assessment include those measures that have been or will be undertaken by the responsible person in order to comply with the RR(FS)O 2005. Groups of people especially at risk of fire include such people as remote or lone workers, at risk due to layout of the building, visitors and contractors unfamiliar with the building layout as well as those with physical, sensory or mental health issues.

A third requirement that under the order must be recorded is the fire safety arrangements. This is the effective planning, organisation, control, monitoring and review of the preventive and protective measures. These are shown in the introduction.

#### Significant findings

Include a brief summary of protective and preventative measures where relevant along with any issues found;

The escape strategy is 'Stay Put Unless'. This means in the event of a fire in your flat you should evacuate. If there is a fire elsewhere in the building you should stay put unless you are affected by fire, smoke or you have been advised by the emergency services to leave.

Section number	Section Area	Individual Risk Level
Section 6	External Envelope The exterior of the buildings is predominantly traditional brick construction.  Individual flat windows and windows coming from communal areas are uPVC double glazed units.	Trivial
	Concrete interlocking tiles to the pitched roof.  Timber structure attached to the rear façade of the building.	

Section 7	Means of Escape from Fire The premises have a single staircase with a timber final exit door, exit door has a push button to exit. The block has electrical installations within the communal area (see section 7)	Trivial
Section 8	Fire Detection and Alarm Systems Flats have a fire detection system to an LD3 standard.	Trivial
Section 9	Emergency Lighting No emergency lighting present within either block Conventional lighting has been implemented in communal landing and stairwell.	Trivial
Section 10	Compartmentation The blocks have sufficient compartmentation between dwellings  Flat entrance doors are composite FD30 nominal fire doors in block 1-3 with block 2-4 having 1 nominal timber fire door and one notional timber fire door	Trivial
Section 11	Fire Fighting Equipment the premises have no provision for firefighting equipment	Trivial
Section 12	Fire Signage Appropriate signage is in place including no smoking signage.	Trivial
Section 13	Employee Training All staff receive basic fire safety awareness training.	Trivial
Section 14	Sources of Ignition Electrical installations are stored within the communal areas of the block.	Trivial

	The fixed electrical tests where last completed on the 22/10/21 in block 1-3 and 22/02/21 in block 2-4.	
Section 15	Waste Control Regular cleaning service at the block and regular checks from caretakers help with the waste control at the block as well as bins being stored away from the block	Trivial
Section 16	Control and Supervision of Contractors and Visitors Contractors are controlled centrally, and hot works permits are required where necessary.	Trivial
Section 17	Arson Prevention A door entry system to the premises is installed to prevent unauthorised access to the blocks  External lighting is in place.	Trivial
Section 18	Storage Arrangements No storage space within the communal areas and Residents instructed not to bring L.P.G cylinders into block. Noted a small cupboard at the rear of the block but access could not be granted.	Trivial

#### **Risk Level Indicator**

The following simple risk level estimator is based on commonly used risk level estimator:

Likelihood of fire	Po	otential consequences	of fire
Likeliilood of fire	Slight harm	Moderate harm	Extreme harm
Low	Trivial risk	Tolerable risk	Moderate risk
Medium	Tolerable risk	Moderate risk	Substantial risk
High	Moderate risk	Substantial risk	Intolerable risk

•	on measures observed at the time of this risk that the hazard from fire (likelihood of fire) at
Low □ Medium ⊠	High □
In this context, a definition of	the above terms is as follows:
Low	Unusually low likelihood of fire because of negligible potential sources of ignition.
Medium	Normal fire hazards (e.g. potential ignition sources) for this type of occupancy, with fire hazards generally subject to appropriate controls (other than minor shortcomings).
High	Lack of adequate controls applied to one or more significant fire hazards, such as to result in significant increase in likelihood of fire.
fire protection and procedura	e premises and the occupants, as well as the I arrangements observed at the time of this sidered that the consequences for life safety
Slight Harm ⊠ Moderate	Harm □ Extreme Harm □
In this context, a definition of	the above terms is as follows:
	Outbreak of fire unlikely to result in serious injury or death of any occupant (other than an occupant sleeping in a room in which a fire occurs).
	Outbreak of fire could foreseeably result in injury including serious injury) of one or more occupants, but it is unlikely to involve multiple fatalities

Extreme harm	•	potential for sel ne or more occu	, ,
Accordingly, it is consideris:	red that the ris	k to life from fire	at these premises
Trivial □ Tolerable ⊠	Moderate □	Substantial □	Intolerable □

#### **Comments**

In conclusion, the likelihood of fire is at a tolerable level of risk prior to the implementation of the action plan because of the presence normal fire hazards for this type of occupancy which have all been highlighted within the fire risk assessment.

After considering the use of these premise and the occupants and considering the recommended upgrade or relocation to the gas and electrical service installations upon future works taking place, the consequences for life safety in the event of a fire would be slight harm.

This is due to there being a Stay Put Unless policy, simplicity of the blocks and sufficient compartmentation which includes Individual flat doors are nominal FD30 composite doors sets in block 1-3 and block 2-4 has one notional timber door and one nominal timber FD30. combined with suitable smoke detection to an LD3 standard. It was noted in the assessment that despite best endeavours no access was granted to the flats during this fire risk assessment. Attempts will be made in the future and the assessment will be updated to reflect this.

A suitable risk-based control plan should involve effort and urgency that is proportional to risk. The following risk- based control plan is based on one that has been advocated for general health and safety risks:

Risk level	Action and timescale
Trivial	No action is required, and no detailed records need to be kept.
Tolerable	No major additional fire precautions required. However, there might be a need for reasonably practicable improvements that involve minor or limited cost.
Moderate	It is essential that efforts are made to reduce the risk. Risk reduction measures, which should take cost into account, should be implemented within a defined time period. Where moderate risk is associated with consequences that constitute extreme harm, further assessment might be required to establish more precisely the likelihood of harm as a basis for determining the priority for improved control measures.
Substantial	Considerable resources might have to be allocated to reduce the risk. If the premises are unoccupied, it should not be occupied until the risk has been reduced. If the premises are occupied, urgent action should be taken.
Intolerable	Premises (or relevant area) should not be occupied until the risk is reduced.

(Note that, although the purpose of this section is to place the fire risk in context, the above approach to fire risk assessment is subjective and for guidance only. All hazards and deficiencies identified in this report should be addressed by implementing all recommendations contained in the following action plan. The fire risk assessment should be reviewed regularly.)

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#### **People at Significant Risk of Fire**

Persons at significant risk of fire does not just refer to those people with physical, sensory or mental health issues. It also includes those at risk due to the layout or features of the building such as inner rooms or dead-end conditions. Persons may also be at risk due to remote or lone working.

The RR(FS)O requires that these people are identified in any fire risk assessment.

Sandwell Council takes the health, safety and wellbeing of its colleagues, contractors, residents and leaseholders seriously. It is our policy to exceed, where possible, the minimum health and safety requirements of the law.

Residents are responsible for letting us know whether they might need a Personal Emergency Evacuation Plan (PEEP). The Resident Engagement Officers (Fire Safety) will conduct an assessment visit upon request. Any risk-reduction measures that are found where a PEEP is necessary and completed will be documented and taken quickly. With the consent of the resident, we will make a referral for West Midlands Fire Service to conduct a Safe and Well visit.

When a PEEP is in place, the relevant information will be kept in the secure Premise Information Box (High Rise Buildings only), which is set up to help WMFS in an emergency. The data is classified as level 1, which means it complies with the General Data Protection Regulations.

Property No	Date completed	Review date	Additional Observations

3

#### **Contact Details**

The Chief Executive of Sandwell Metropolitan Borough Council has ultimate responsibility for the site as the responsible person identified by the RR(FS)O 2005.

The Chief Executive has put a structure in place to support the management of the site.

This includes the role of Building Safety Manager who has duties as defined within the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005.

The contact names to support the management of the site are as follows:

#### **Chief Executive**

Shokat Lal

#### **Director of Housing**

Dean Epsom

#### **Assistant Director Building Compliance**

Phil Deery

#### **Fire Safety Manager**

Tony Thompson

#### **Team Lead Fire Safety**

Jason Blewitt

#### Fire Risk Assessor(s)

Carl Hill

Louis Conway (Trainee)

Anthony Smith

#### **Resident Engagement Officer - Fire Safety**

Lee Mlilo

Abdul Monim Khan

#### **Housing Office Manager**

Prabha Patel

Please note, the above details are correct at the time of the production of the risk assessment and may be subject to change

#### **Description of Premises**

1-3, 2-4 Walker avenue Tividale, Oldbury, B69 1NR

#### **Description of the Property**

These low-rise maisonettes were built in 1965 using a traditional brick masonry construction. The premise has a pitched roof and UPVC windows.





The blocks have a main entrance to the side elevation through a timber gate, with no alternative exit, both blocks are accessed via a set of steps.





The blocks consist of 2 storeys inclusive of ground floor with each floor containing a dwelling, a total of 2 dwellings within the block.

The main entrance has a door entry system with a firefighter override switch. There is a push button facility to exit the block





Each block has a single staircase with a flat entrance door to the ground floor entrance way and atop the stairscase on the first floor landing



#### On arrival Information (for WMFS)

Access to the blocks is gained via an entrance at the side of the block through a timber gate. Then into the block via a fob reader or using Firefighter override switch utilising a drop latch key. You ascend some steps to enter block 1-3 and descend some steps to enter block 2-4.







The communal, any workplace areas and the external envelope of the building are subject to the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 as confirmed by the Fire Safety Act 2021.

The enforcing authority is West Midlands Fire Service.

High/Low Rise	Low Rise
Number of Floors	2
Date of Construction	1965
Construction Type	Traditional
Last Refurbished	Unknown
External Cladding	No
Number of Lifts	None
Number of Staircases	One
Automatic Smoke Ventilation to	No
communal area	
Fire Alarm System	No
Refuse Chute	No
Access to Roof	Yes via 1 <sup>st</sup> floor flat (Block 2-4)
Equipment on roof (e.g. mobile	No
phone station etc)	

#### **Persons at Risk**

Residents / Occupants of 2 maisonettes per block

Visitors,

Sandwell MBC employees,

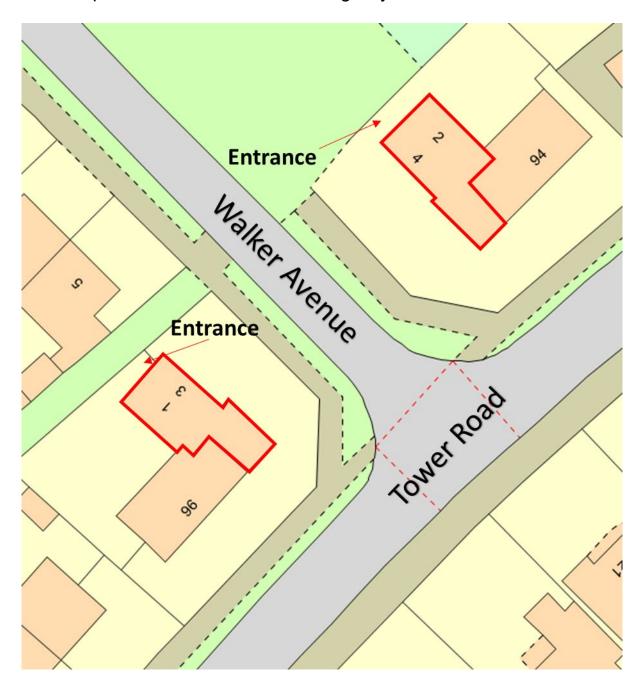
Contractors,

Service providers (e.g. meter readers, delivery people etc)

Statutory bodies (e.g. W.M.F.S, Police, and Ambulance)

#### **Building Plan**

General plan which outlines the buildings layout



#### **External envelope**

Following the introduction of the Fire Safety Act 2021, consideration needs to be given to the external envelope of the building for any fire risk. This predominantly means the external wall construction including any insulation filler. It also includes balconies and any other fixtures as well as doors and windows.

Details of the external wall construction have been provided to the fire service via the WMFS portal in line with fire safety regulations 2022

Provide a breakdown of the materials used and whether these or their combination or application present an acceptable level of fire risk.

1) The exterior of the buildings is predominantly traditional brick construction.





2) Individual maisonettes and communal windows to the stairs are uPVC double glazed units





3) Front entrance doors to the blocks and combination frames are made from timber with a self-closer attached.



4) concrete interlocking tiles to the pitched roof of both blocks.



5) small timber door to the rear of the blocks (No access).



6) Timber construction erected in rear yard area attached to the block. Taking into account the building layout the and type of occupancy the timber contruct possess trivial risk. No further actions required as long as remains well kept and no combustable items stored within.



#### **Means of Escape from Fire**

 The Blocks have a single staircase that provides a means of escape



- 2) There are no corridors within the block however there is a hallway and landing area at the top and bottom of the stairs
- 3) There are no corridors within the block that form a dead end.
- 4) The means of escape are protected within the block to prevent the spread of fire and smoke with good compartmentation using nominal FD30 composite doors within block 1-3 and Georgian wire glass window between the first floor flat and communal areas. However, in block 2-4 there is a notional timber door to flat 4.



5) It was noted that there is a carpet on the staircase of block 1-3 where the fire rating is unknown.

- 6) There are no communal doors to the communal landings/ staircase other than the final exit doors.
- 7) The final exit doors have door entry systems installed. These systems are designed to fail safe i.e. door unlocked in the event of a power failure. This prevents residents being locked in or out of the building.
- 8) AOV (Automatic opening vents) are not employed. Communal windows can be opened without the use of a key.



- 9) Communal areas Must be kept free of flammable items. The communal areas are checked on a regular basis by Caretaking / Cleaning teams 365 days per year and all items of rubbish are immediately removed. There is also an out of hour's service that allows combustible items of furniture / rubbish to be removed
- 10) There is standard conventional lighting present within the communal landing and stairs of each block.



11) There is no service storage cupboards facility to accommodate the electrical installations within these blocks, the electrical intake and resident's meters are fixed to the wall of the entrance lobby in each block. A recommendation to construct a new cabinet that would provide adequate fire resistance has been considered. However, considering the close proximity of the ground floor flat entrance doors this recommendation would not be possible because any structure in the current location would cause an obstruction to access and egress to the ground floor flat entrance doors. The residents metres were noted to be well kept and in good condition.

Taking into consideration the stay put unless strategy and the level of compartmentation to flats and that all EICR have been completed within the last 5 years **22/10/21** in block 1-3 and **22/02/21** in block 2-4, it is deemed tolerable at the time of the risk assessment until substantial electrical works (rewire) are commissioned as part of a future improvement plan.



- 12) The surface coatings to the communal areas are Class 0 rated.
- 13) The building has sufficient passive controls that provide effective compartmentation in order to support a Stay Put-Unless Policy. Therefore, residents are advised to remain in their flat unless the fire directly affects them.
- 14) Individual flat doors are nominal FD30s composite doors sets in block 1-3 and block 2-4 has one notional timber door and one nominal timber FD30s.
- 15) Access is gained to a sample of properties as part of the fire risk assessment to ensure the doors have not been tampered with by residents etc access was granted to flats.3 separate attempts have been made to gain access to the
  - 3 separate attempts have been made to gain access to the flats within the block last attempt on the 29/09/2023 however despite best endeavours no access was granted to the flats during this fire risk assessment. Attempts will be made in the future and the assessment will be updated to reflect this.

good housekeeping is fundamental to reducing risk in blocks of flats. Controlling the presence of combustible materials and ignition sources not only reduces the potential for accidental fires to start and develop in the common parts, it also significantly reduces the scope for deliberate fires. It also ensures escape routes are free of obstructions that might hinder the evacuation of people from the building and access for fire-fighters.

8

#### Fire Detection and Alarm Systems

- Early warning is limited to hard wire or battery smoke alarms within each of the resident's flats The equipment is subjected to a cyclical test.
- 2) Based on the sample of properties accessed during previous fire risk assessment the smoke alarms within resident's flats are installed to an LD3 Standard despite best endeavours no access was granted to the flats during this fire risk assessment. Attempts will be made in the future and the assessment will be update to reflect this.

Flat 1 – No access at time of FRA

Flat 3 – No access at time of FRA

Flat 2 – No access at time of FRA

Flat 4 – No access at time of FRA

#### For information

LD1 all rooms except wet rooms

LD2 all-risk rooms e.g. Living Room, Kitchens and Hallway.

LD3 Hallway only

- 3) There is no effective means for detecting an outbreak of fire to communal areas. The reason for this are:
  - I. Such systems may get vandalised.
  - II. False alarms would occur.
  - III. A Stay Put Unless policy is in place

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#### **Emergency Lighting**

1) No emergency lighting present, standard conventional lighting within ground floor lobby and staircase of each block.





#### Compartmentation

#### This section should be read in conjunction with Section 4

The high degree of fire separation between flats and the common parts is achieved by making each flat a fire-resisting enclosure. This is known as compartmentation. A compartment is simply a part of a building bounded by walls and floors that will resist the passage of fire for a specified period of time. The fire resistance of this construction is such that, normally, a fire will burn itself out before spreading to other parts of the building.

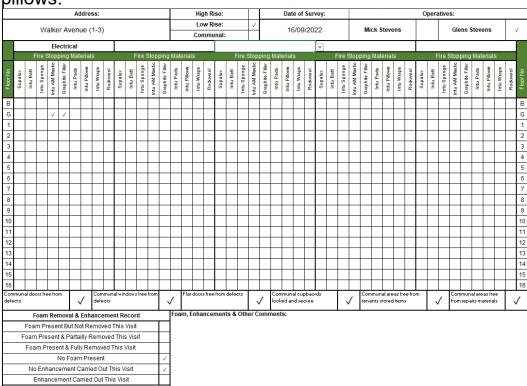
- The building is designed to provide as a minimum 1-hour vertical fire resistance and 1-hour horizontal fire resistance around flats and stairwells. All doors are 30-minute fire resistant with cold smoke seals, including those in 1-hour rated walls.
- 2) The premises do not have sufficient compartmentation to limit the travel and effect of smoke and flame in event of a fire in communal areas due to the open plan staircase.
- 3) The only communal doors within the block are the final exit doors these are fitted with automatic closing devices that are checked on a regular basis by Caretaking Teams as part of their checks. Defective closing devices are replaced either by the Caretaking Team(s) or the in-house repairs team(s).
- 4) In each entrance lobby there is a service cupboard containing two gas meters one for each maisonette. The service cupboards are not gas tight and there is no ventilation present. A recommendation would be the gas metres are to be moved to the outside of the blocks when future upgrades works takes place.







- 5) Any remedial works arising from the fire stopping / compartmentation check(s) will be actioned immediately by the Fire Safety Rapid Response Team.
- 6) A variety of methods / materials have been used to achieve firestopping including Rockwool, fire rated sponge and intumescent pillows.



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7) Individual flat doors are nominal FD30 composite fire door construction in block 1-3 with block 2-4 containing one notional timber door and one nominal timber FD30 door. Unable to access flats to complete a full check of the door Attempts will be made in the future and the assessment will be updated to reflect this.



It is accepted that, in older blocks, fire doors, particularly flat entrance doors, do not meet current test standards for FD30S doors. However, these doors may still be acceptable if the doors remain in good condition, and they met the relevant standards at the time of construction of the block.

**8)** The original fire-resistant Georgian wire glazing on the first floor is in place and should provide 30 minutes protection form fire.



#### **Fire Fighting Equipment**

1) The premise has no provision for firefighting equipment

### Section 12

#### Fire Signage

- 1) Fire Action Notices are not displayed throughout the building. The signs are not necessarily due to the buildings simple layout.
- 2) Smoking is prohibited within any communal parts of the building in line with Smoke Free England Legislation. Signs are displayed where appropriate.



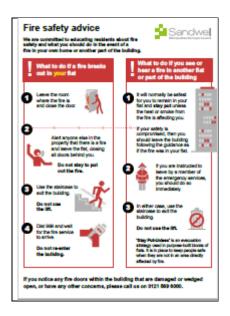
- 3) The fire escape routes do not use directional fire signage due to simplicity of layout.
- 4) Yellow LPG warning signs are not displayed

### **Employee & Resident Training/Provision of Information**

- All Caretaking / Cleaning Employees have undertaken fire safety training. This includes use of bespoke 'Fire Safety in High / Low Rise Flatted Accommodation' Video.
- All employees are encouraged to complete 'In the line of fire' training on an annual basis.
- Caretaking Teams are not currently trained in the effective use of fire extinguishers. The only extinguishers located within the lift motor room. Caretaking Teams are not expected to tackle fires in this area.
- 4) Housing Directorate employees assigned to undertake Fire Safety Inspections have received IFE approved training via West Midlands Fire Service.
- 5) Staff undertaking fire risk assessments are qualified to or working towards Level 4 Diploma in Fire Safety.
- 6) Fire safety information has been provided as part of tenancy pack.
- 7) Building safety and evacuation notices are displayed in common areas and lift cars.
- 8) Information regarding use of fire doors is provided to residents



9) Information regarding the Stay Put unless fire evacuation strategy is provided to residents.



10) Further guidance can be found on the Sandwell council website under fire safety. https://www.sandwell.gov.uk/fire-safety

#### Sources of Ignition

- 1) Smoking is prohibited within any communal parts of the building in line with Smoke Free England legislation.
- 2) Hot working is not normally carried out. If essential maintenance requires the use of hot work processes, then corporate policies and procedures are to be followed.
- 3) Portable electrical equipment used as part of the Caretaking / Cleaning regime is subject to annual PAT Testing. This information is held by the Estate Services Manager Bryan Low.
- 4) The fixed electrical installation shall be tested every 5 years. It was noted that the last inspection in both blocks was **22/10/21 and 22/02/21**





5) The electrical installation i.e. risers are not contained within dedicated service cupboards and are held in the communal landing on the ground floor (see section/point 7/10)



6) Portable heaters are not allowed in any common parts of the premises.

7) Gas appliances and pipework (where installed) are subject to annual testing and certification. This cyclical contract is managed by the in-house Gas Team. Gas metres and pipework to flats is internal to the building held in service cupboards on the ground floor (see section/point 10/4).









## Section 15

#### **Waste Control**

- 1) There is a regular Cleaning Service to the premises.
- 2) Refuse containers should be stored away from the block and emptied regularly. Bins are stored at the front of each block near the main entrance.





(2-4)

- 3) Regular checks by Caretakers minimise risk of waste accumulation.
- 4) 'Out of Hours' service in place to remove bulk items.

### Control and Supervision of Contractors and Visitors

- Responsive Repairs service delivered by Sandwell MBC necessitates the production of an order via the computerised repairs system. Details of any known risks are documented on the repair order.
- 2) Hot works are not permitted unless authorisation is given via the approved officer. The hot works procedure is to be followed.
- 3) Utility companies are not allowed to access any service cupboard or secure area. They must request and collect maintenance keys from the Investments office @ Roway Lane. This allows scrutiny of what is the scope of any works such as installation of tenant's broadband / phone line etc.
- 4) Where contractors are appointed to undertake major refurbishment works, Sandwell MBC Urban Design team will put control measures in place. Such Measures include:
  - a) Pre-Contract Meetings where contractor is made aware of all working arrangements and safe systems of work to be adopted. Issues covered in this meeting will include:
    - Health and Safety.
    - Site security.
    - Safety of working and impact on children/school business.
    - Fire risk, if any.
      - Site Emergency Plan.
  - b) Monthly Site Meetings in order to monitor, review and share any new information including any new risks.
  - c) Site monitored daily whilst work is in progress by Clerk of Works / Health and Safety Officers.
  - d) Final Contractor review on completion of works undertaken.

#### **Arson Prevention**

- 1) Regular checks are undertaken by Caretakers / Cleaning Team(s) 365 days per year which helps reduce the risk of arson.
- 2) Restricted access to each premises by means of a door entry system.



- 3) No CCTV is present at the block
- 4) There is no current evidence of arson.
- 5) The perimeter of ach premises is well illuminated from lighting attached to the block and streetlights nearby





6) There have been no reported fire incidents since the last FRA.

#### **Storage Arrangements**

- 1) Residents instructed not to bring L.P.G cylinders into block.
- 2) The tenancy conditions, Section 7 Condition 5.6 stipulates "If you live in a flat or maisonette, you, people living with you and any visitors to your property must not keep or use paraffin oil, petrol, bottled gas appliances or any other explosive, FLAMMABLE or dangerous material in the property. This restriction also applies to any storage facility situated in or attached to the block, which has been provided for your use."
- 3) No Flammable liquids stored on site by Caretakers / cleaners.
- 4) Only communal storage is for the gas meters located on the ground floor communal landing (see section point 10/4), these are secured with a latch.
- 5) There are no flammable liquids or gas cylinders stored on site.

#### Additional Control Measures; Fire Risk Assessment - Level 2 Action Plan

Significant Findings

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It is considered that the following recommendations should be	
implemented to reduce fire risk to, or maintain it at, the following lev	el:

Trivial □ Tolerable ⊠

Definition of priorities (where applicable):

- P1 Arrange and complete as urgent Within 10 days
- P2 Arrange and complete within 1-3 Months of assessment date
- P3 Arrange and complete within 3-6 Months of assessment date
- P4 Arrange and complete exceeding 6 months under programmed work



### Fire Risk Assessment Level 2 Action Plan



Date of Ac	tion Plan:	20/00/20	29/09/2023							
Review Da			<insert date=""></insert>							
Question/ Ref No	Required Action	Supporting photograph	Priority	Timescale and Person Responsible	Date Completed					

The observations listed below must be **considered** when implementing any future improvement works / program(s), Works have been undertaken where applicable to ensure the current task risk is no greater than Tolerable. Implementation of the observations under future programmes will further reduce the task risk rating down to Trivial

At present it would not be reasonably practicable to carry out this work without significant time, effort or cost.

#### **Observations**

Gas meters located in non-ventilated cupboard in entrance lobby of each block.







Electrical intake & meters located in entrance lobby of each block .

Relocate gas meters from non-ventilated cupboard in entrance lobby of each block when future upgrade works take place within each block.

Electrical intake & meters to be relocated from entrance lobby or enclosed in suitable service cupboard.



Block 1-3 & 2-4 doors, further access is required to ensure doors have not been tampered with

despite best endeavours no access was granted to the flats during this fire risk assessment. Attempts will be made in the future and the assessment will be updated to reflect this.

Signed

Lanuay	Trainee Fire Risk Assessor	Date: 29/09/2023
Benut	Quality Assurance Check	Date: 04/10/2023

#### Appendix 1

### Significant Hazards on Site and Information to be Provided for the Fire Service

Name of property: Walker Avenue 1-3, 2-4

Updated: 13/09/2023

Premise Manager: Tony Thompson Tel. No.: 0121 569 2975

Hazard	Information/Comments
Asbestos	An asbestos survey has been undertaken of the communal areas. Survey held by Sandwell Housing (Derek Still Tel:- 0121 569 5077).

Sample Locations	Prope Addre		1-3 V	Valker	Avenue, Tiv	idale, B69 1N	R.					
LOCATION		MATI	MATERIAL		QTY	SURFACE TREATMEN	SAMPLE REF	RESULT	HSE NOTIF Y	Labelled ?		TION TAKEN ON CONTRACT
IF DURING THE COURSE OF WOR	K SUSPI	ECTED AC	M'S AR	E IDE	NTIFIE	THAT ARE NO	T CONTAINED	WITHIN THIS REP	ORT ST	OP W	ORK & S	SEEK ADVICE
MAIN ROOF VERGE CLOAKING		CEMENT		-		UNSEALED	PRESUMED	CHRYSOTILE	NO	-		-
EXTERNAL GAS PIPE COVER BY MAIN ENTRANCE DOOR		CEM	MENT		-	UNSEALED	PRESUMED	CHRYSOTILE	NO	NO NO		
ITEMS SHOWN BELO	W H A V E	BEEN AS	eeeee	D ON	CITE D	V THE ASSEST	OS SLIDVEVOD	& ADE CONFIDME	D NOT	TO BE	ACM's	
LOCATION DESCRIPTION		ERIAL			CRIPTION	MATERIAL					MATERIAL	
		RRYS			NT DOOR FRAME SEALNT		SILICONE	2007.11.511 SEGGINII 11011		III/(TERO/CE		
		BOARD				RAME SEALNT	SILICONE					
MAIN ROOF SOFFITS		PVC										
GROUND FLOOR GAS METER CUPBOARD COLLING		CRETE										
D.P.C.	BITU	JMEN										

Sample Locations	Prope Addre		2-4	Walker	Avenue, Tiv	idale, B69 1N	R.					
LOCATION		MATERIAL		QTY		SURFACE TREATMEN		RESULT	HSE NOTIF Y	Labelled ?		ION TAKEN ON CONTRACT
IF DURING THE COURSE OF WOR	K SUSP	ECTED A	CM'S AR	RE IDE	NTIFIE	THAT ARE NO	OT CONTAINED	WITHIN THIS REP	ORT ST	OP W	ORK & S	EEK ADVICE
MAIN ROOF VERGE CLOAKING		CEI	MENT	-		UNSEALED	PRESUMED	CHRYSOTILE	NO	-		-
ITEMS SHOWN BELO	OW HAV	E BEEN AS	SSESSE	D ON	SITE B	Y THE ASBEST	OS SURVEYOR	& ARE CONFIRM	ED NOT	то ве	ACM's	
LOCATION DESCRIPTION	MAT	TERIAL	LO	CATIO	ATION DESCRIPTION		MATERIAL	LOCATION DESCRIPTION		ON	MATERIAL	
GROUND FLOOR - FLOOR TILES	QU	QUARRYS		FRONT DOOR FRA		ME SEALNT	SILICONE					
ELECTRIC METER BACKBOARD	CHIPBOARD		METE	METER CUPBOARD F		RAME SEALNT	SILICONE					
MAIN ROOF SOFFITS		IPVC										
GROUND FLOOR GAS METER CUPBOARD CEILING												
D.P.C. SL		LATE										